



Energy Pathway to Low-Carbon Society: Thailand and ASEAN

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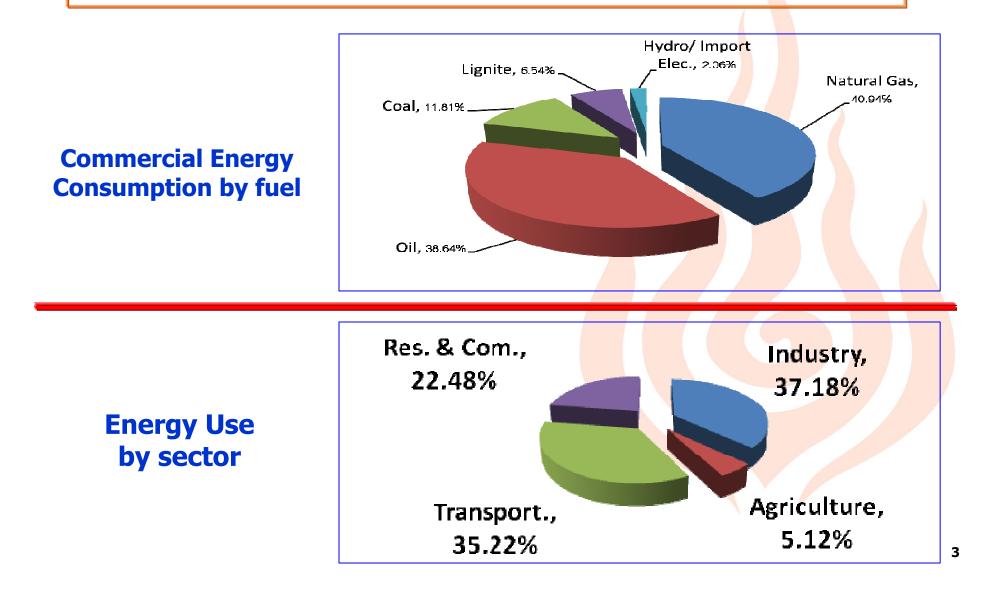
3. ASEAN Regional Perspective on

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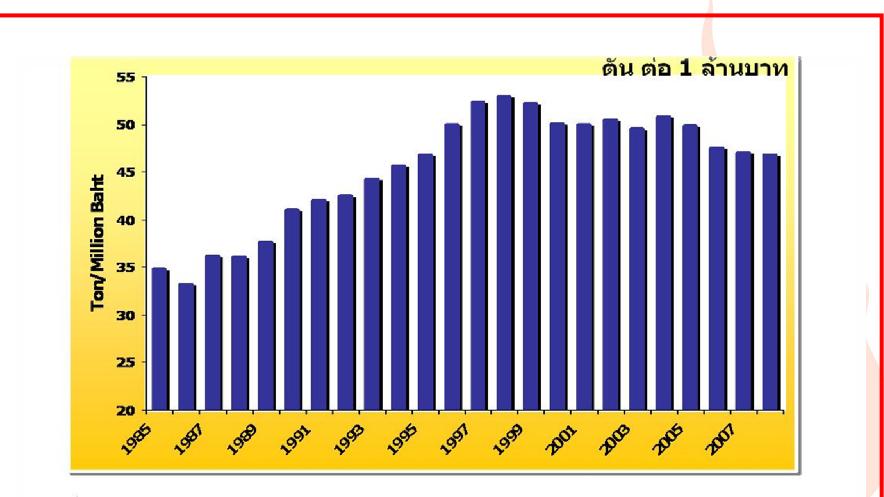


In 2009, Energy Expenses 47 billion USD (import 58%) Total Commercial Energy Use 1.656 million barrels (oil equivalent) of per day





Thailand Co₂ Intensity (Co₂ emission/GDP)



ที่มา : ระบบฐานข้อมูล EPPO-EMS

Unit : Tons/Million Bath

Year	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
CO2	34.84	33.23	36.20	36.04	37.67	41.02	42.03	42.48	44.27	45.63	46.81	49.93
Year	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
CO2	52.42	52.86	52.15	50.10	49.93	50.50	49.58	50.79	49.89	47.61	47.09	46.88



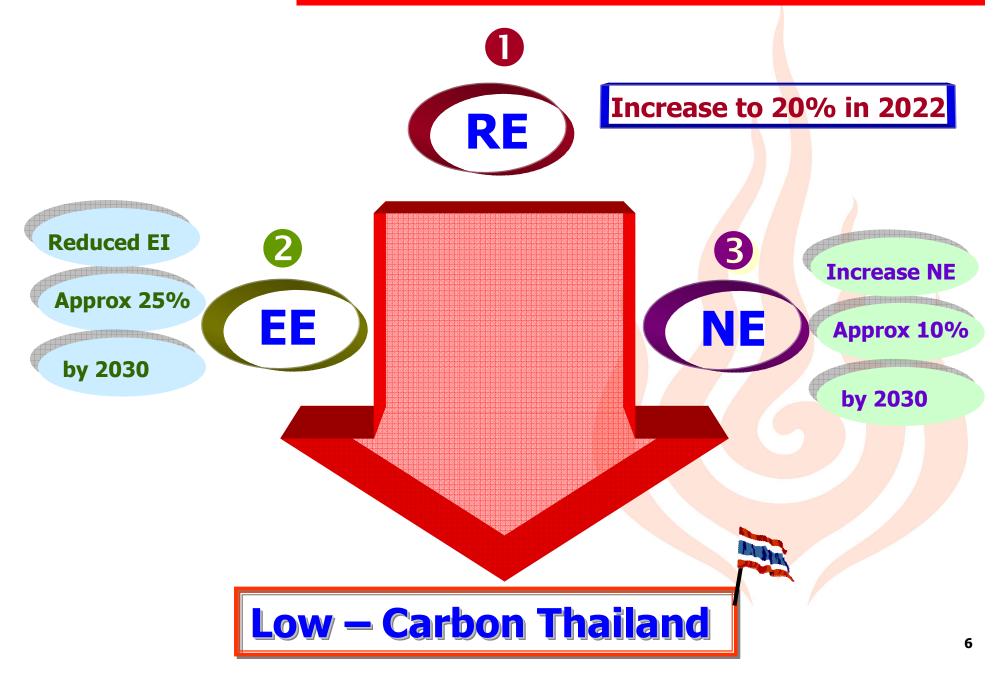
Co₂ Emission in Energy Sector

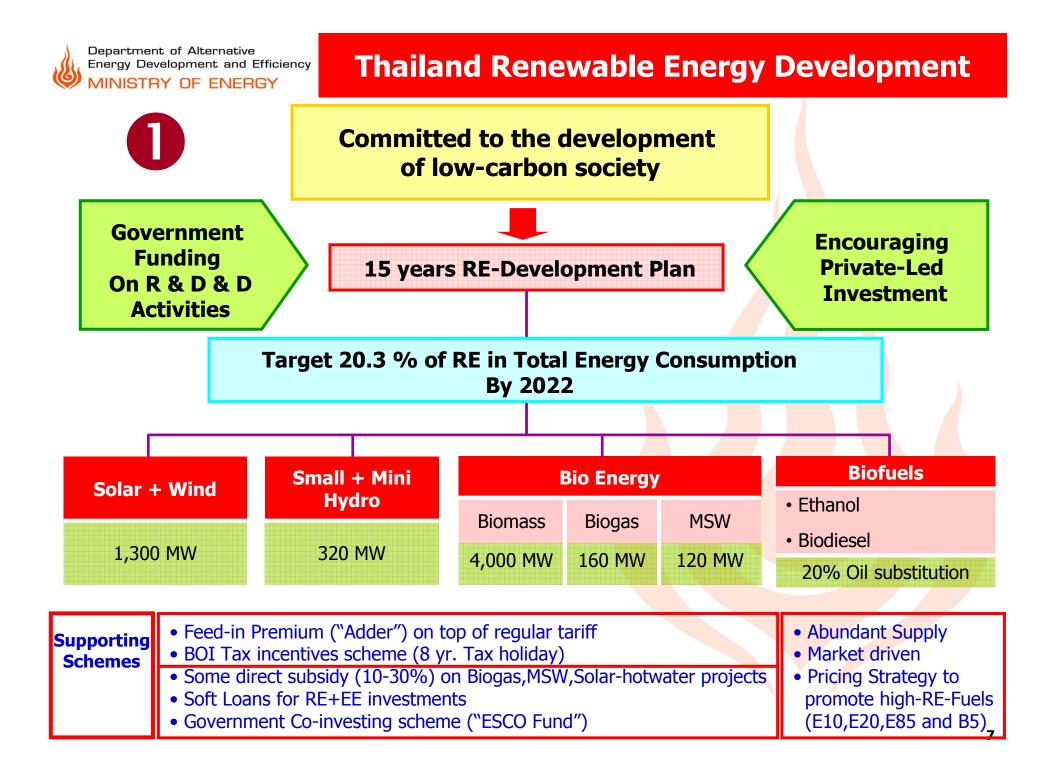
Year		mission per			a parata (a sa		2.58	3						
real	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	3.5 🗕		-		1			5
1. World	2.70	2.64	2.58	2.55	2.58	2.58	3 2	27		<u> </u>			2.0	5
2. Europe	2.64	2.57	2.41	2.32	2.27	2.27								<u> </u>
3. USA	2.61	2.53	2.46	2.49	2.50	2.48	2.5		Le la		17	T	1.	1 9
4. Japan	2.48	2.44	2.34	2.33	2.37	2.35	2		25					1 9
5. China	3.53	3.50	3.51	3.42	3.40	3.40	1.5				2 22			19
6. India	3.25	3.24	3.23	3.12	3.13	3.12								20
7. Malaysia	2.71	2.73	2.61	2.59	2.72	2.74	1							= 20
8. Vietnam	3.50	3.16	2.99	3.00	2.96	2.96	0.5				5 (S			20
9. Singapore	2.44	2.53	2.70	2.68	2.22	2.18	0 -				-			
10. Brunei	2.44	2.37	2.42	2.51	2.54	2.52	rld	urope 3. USA	oan ina	idia /sia	E S	inei	esia nes and	
11. Indonesia	2.57	2.45	2.53	2.54	2.65	2.65	1. World	2. Europe 3. USA	4. Japan 5. China	6. India 7. Malavsia	8. Vietnam	9. Julgapore 10. Brunei	11. Indonesia 2. Philippines 13. Thailand	
12. Philippines	2.05	2.23	2.35	2.16	2.27	2.17	ਜ	2.	2012 2222	7.6	· .8	- 10 - 10 - 10	2. Phi 13. 1	
13. Thailand	1.55	1.78	2.14	2.13	2.08	2.05						10 R T	12. 12.	

ที่มา : 1. - 12. The Energy Data and Modeling Center (EDMC), Japan 13. ระบบฐานข้อมูล EPPO-EMS



Low Carbon Energy Pathway







Measures for RE Promotion

ONEP ERC Local **5** Actual mechanism : EIA Admin Promotion requesting **Electricity Generating** BOI Licenses Renewable energy maps DEDE Support Info from demonstration site Technical support from the One-Stop Service Renewable Ministry energy potential info of Promotion requesting Energy Investment Grant, i.e. biogas, solar hot water, and MSW **DEDE &** Private (i.e.100% 2009, 50% 2010, **EPPO** Investor To raise 25% 2011 for MSW) a loan Carbon ³• "Energy Soft Loan" credit Banks DEDE **Revolving funds for Renewable** sale **CDM** Capital requesting energy and energy conservation, Energy credit Registration for DEDE ESCO Venture Capital Fund intent - Firm expression as Negotiation for - Non Firm per the time electricity selling • "Adder" Policy specified **EPPO** & buying Electricity Adder Consumers authorities

Offices giving licenses



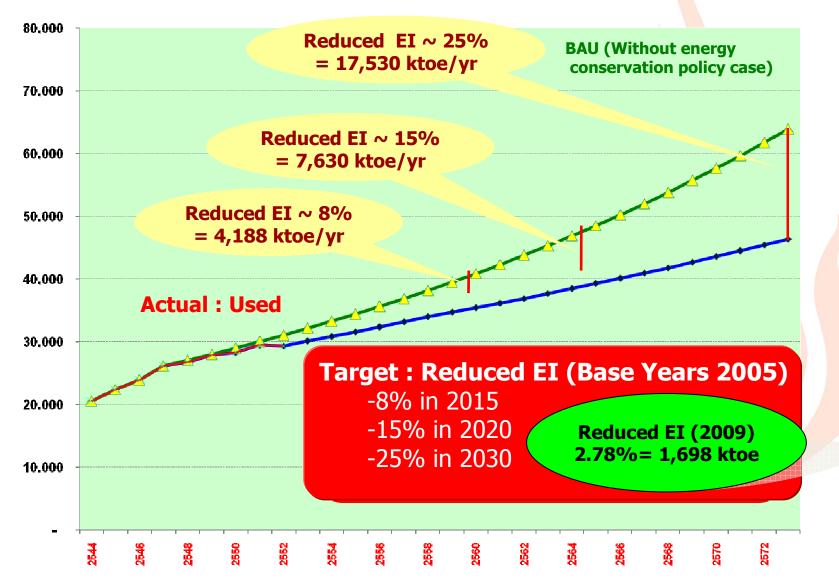
"Adder" : Feed-in Premiums

	Fuel	Adder (B/kwh)	Special adder * (B/kwh)	Special adder in 3 southern provinces (B/kwh)	Supporting period (B/kwh)
D	Biomass - Installed capacity <= 1 MW - Installed capacity > 1 MW	0.50 0.30	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	7 7
	Biogas (all categories of production sources) - Installed capacity <= 1 MW - Installed capacity > 1 MW	0.50 0.30	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	7 7 7
	Waste (community waste, not hazardous industrial waste, and inorganic waste) - Fermentation system or land fill - Thermal Process	2.50 3.50	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	7 7 7
	Wind power - Installed capacity <= 50 kw - Installed capacity > 50 kw	4.50 3.50	1.50 1.50	1.50 1.50	10 10
	Mini and micro hydropower - Installed capacity 50 kw - < 200 kw - Installed capacity < 50 kw	0.80 1.50	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	7 7
D	Solar power	8.00	1.50	1.50	10

EE Plans and Targets

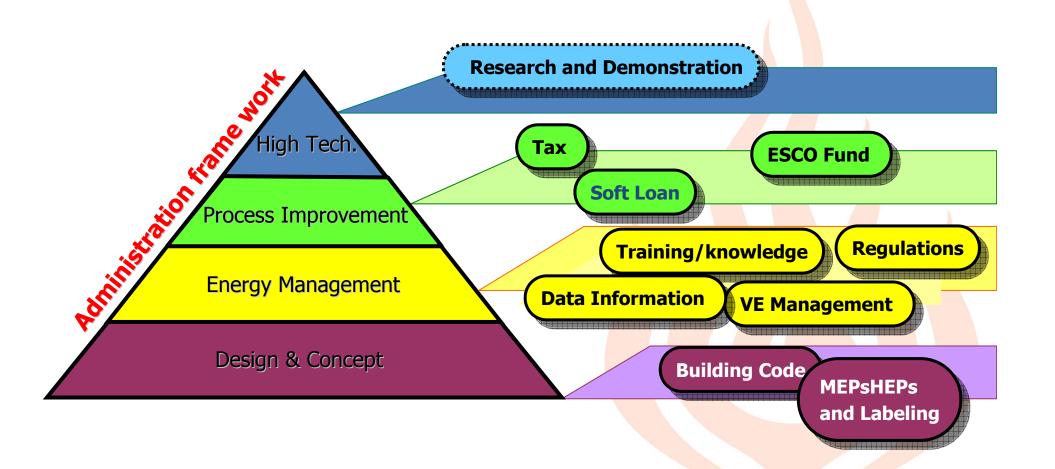
Industrial and Commercial Sectors

Energy Consumption (KTOE/yr)





EE Measures



Energy Efficiency Activities in Industrial and Commercial Sector

Regulatory Measures

- Energy Management in Large Factories and Buildings
- Building Energy Codes

Financial Measures

- Revolving Fund Program (Soft Loan)
- ESCO Fund (co-investment)
- Tax Incentives

Capacity Building

- Basic and Advanced Training
- software Simulation to Practical and On-the-job Training
- formal EE curriculum in vocational schools and universities

Awareness and Information Campaign

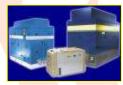
- Thailand Energy Awards
- Thailand Energy Fair

Public Private Partnership











Changing Mode of Transportation (long term)

- Dual Track system
- Comprehensive Train System throughout the country

Change from Private to Public Transportation

- Complete Subway and Sky-train in Bangkok Metro
- Improve Bus system
- park-n-ride

Change to Alternative Energy

- Gasohol E10. E20. E85
- Move to B3, B5 and B10
- NGV / Biodiesel
- Tax privilege for E85/NGV/Hybrid / FFV

Awareness and Information

- TV campaign, brochures, web-site
- Encourage Carpool



Youth Programs

- Green Classroom / School
- Energy Academy Fantasia / Energy Camp



Standard and Labeling for household appliances

- Label 5 for AC, Refrigerator, Rice cooker, Water heater, etc.
- Energy Labels for buildings and houses
- High Efficiency and Minimum Efficiency Performance Standards

Promotion of High Energy Efficient Lighting

- T5, CFL, Electronic Ballast
- Demonstration at market places, temple, government hospitals and facilities, military facilities

Awareness and Information

- Energy Conservation Demonstration Houses
- TV campaign, brochures, web-site
- Events



- Under study and preparation
- Original Plan = 4x1,000 MW by 2022
- Adjusted = 2x1,000 MW by 2022
- New Power Development Plan : Limit NE~10%



Output and Outcome

(1) Economics aspect

- Currency <u>saving on energy import</u> 460,000 MB/year within 2022
- Increase investment of private sector 382,240 MB
- Creates 40,000 clean and <u>new jobs</u>.
- Opportunity to earn 14,000 MB/year form Carbon Credit trading.
- Delay the construction of <u>new fossil fuel power plant</u> 3,800 MW (equivalent to 100,000 MB)
- Create <u>Country's incomes by exporting</u> biofuels, RE technologies (Gasification, biogas fermentation system).

(2) Social aspect

- Migration mitigation due to job creation in rural areas.
- Extra income to farmers.
- Improve quality of life for Thai people.

(3) Environmental aspect

• Low Carbon Society to mitigate the global warming

Low Carbon Target

Reduce GHG Emission of **146 million** ton CO2 equivalent from EE plan and **42 million** ton from RE development plan by 2020

(EE and RE policies with CDM supports)





ASEAN Plan of Action for Energy Cooperation (APAEC): 2010-2015

STRATEGIC GOALS

- To achieve a collective target of 15% for regional renewable energy in the total power installed capacity by 2015
- To strengthen regional cooperation on the development of renewable energy and alternative energy including hydropower and bio-fuels
- To promote the development of centers of research and development on renewable energy in the region;
- To promote open trade, facilitation and cooperation in the renewable energy sector and related industries as well as investment in the requisite infrastructure for renewable energy development



ASEAN Plan of Action for Energy Cooperation (APAEC): 2010-2015

Six Strategies:

- Increase the development and utilization of RE sources to achieve the 15% target share of RE in ASEAN power generation mix
- 2. Enhance awareness and information sharing and strengthen networks
- 3. Promote intra-ASEAN cooperation on ASEAN-made products and services
- 4. Promote renewable energy **financing** scheme
- 5. Promote the **commercial** development and utilization of biofuels
- 6. Develop ASEAN as a hub for renewable energy



...THANK YOU...

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