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5. Cooperative Energy Efficiency Design for Sustainability (CEEDS) Phase 4 'Promotion of Energy Service Company: ESCO"

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Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation



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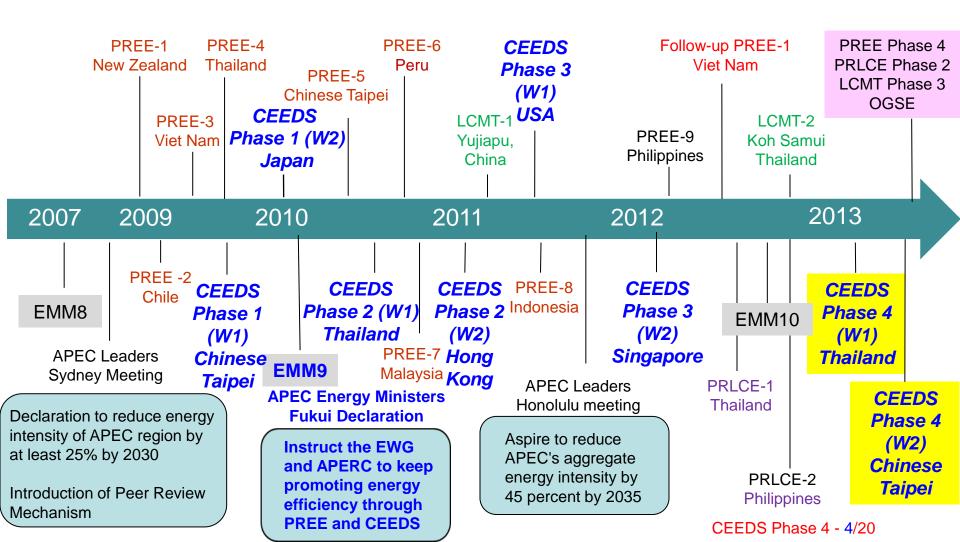
1. Objectives of CEEDS

Referred in APEC Energy Ministers' 2010 Fukui Declaration

- To promote "high-performance" energy efficiency policy measures in developing economies in the APEC region.
- To assist developing economies who wish to design and implement measures for achieving energy efficiency improvements in a specified sector.
- Two workshops is organized:
- One is an analysis of potential energy savings that might be obtained in the APEC region if each participating developing APEC economy were to adopt the high-performance measures.
- The other is focusing on how these measures might be implemented in developing APEC economies.
- CEEDS considers policies and practices for several developing economies in one sector at a time. ⇔PREE: One economy, all sector



2. History of CEEDS





2. History of CEEDS

- Phase 1: Appliance Energy Efficiency Standards and Labeling
- > 1st Workshop: 19-21 October 2009, Taipei City, Chinese Taipei
- 2nd Workshop: 1-2 March 2010, Tokyo, Japan
- Phase 2: Building Energy Codes and Labeling
- > 1st Workshop: 8-10 September 2010, Bangkok, Thailand
- > 2nd Workshop: 26-28 January 2011, Hong Kong, China
- Phase 3: Energy Efficient Urban Passenger Transportation
- > 1st Workshop: 14-16 September 2011, San Francisco, USA
- > 2nd Workshop: 17-19 January 2012, Singapore



3. CEEDS Phase **4:** 1st Workshop in Bangkok

- CEEDS Phase 4 deals with "Promotion of Energy Service Company (ESCO)".
- Jyukankyo Research Institute Inc. of Japan was hired as a consultant.
- The first workshop of CEEDS Phase 4 was hosted by Thailand on 21-23 January 2013 in Bangkok.
- 4 participating eligible economies: Chile, China, Malaysia, and Thailand attended and made presentations. The Philippines, which could not send delegates, submitted the presentation material.
- Speakers were invited from Canada, China, Chinese Taipei, Thailand and USA. Representatives from Chinese Taipei and Thailand also attended.



3. CEEDS Phase **4:** 1st Workshop in Bangkok

- Prominent experts on ESCO issues were invited.
- At the first Bangkok Workshop :
- Dr Prasert Sinsukparsert, Director of Planning Division, Department of Alternative Energy Development, Ministry of Energy, Thailand
- Mr. Thomas K. Dreessen, Chairman and CEO, EPS Capital Corp. USA
- Mr. Teng-Yaw Yu, Chairman of the Taiwan Association of Energy Service Companies (TAESCO) and CEO of the Taiwan Green Productivity Foundation, Chinese Taipei
- Mr. Pierre Baillargeon, Vice President, Econoler, Canada
- Ms. Ming Zhao, Vice Director/Secretary General , EMCA , China
- Mr. Mek Meksarikul, Vice President, Head of Corporate Credit Solution Management, Corporate Credit Product Management Department, Kasikorn Bank, Thailand
- Mr. Sarat Prakobchart, Senior Engineer, Department of Alternative Energy Development, Ministry of Energy, Thailand
- Dr. Watcharee Jornjumrus, Technical Advisor, Energy for Environment Foundation, Thailand
- > Dr. Chiharu Murakoshi, Jyukankyo Research Institute, Japan



3. CEEDS Phase **4:** 1st Workshop in Bangkok

• Findings at 1st Workshop

- Economies and agencies invited to the 1st Workshop presented the current status of the ESCO industry in each of their respective economies.
- The ESCO industry in various economies were in different development stages.
- Thailand and China were making great strides in developing and promoting their ESCO industry and were thus classed as in a more advanced stage of development.
- The ESCO industry in the Philippines, Chile and Malaysia were seen to be in an infancy stage, whilst interest was strong for development, promotion policies seem to still be at a discussion and preliminary stage.



- The second workshop for CEEDS Phase 4 was hosted by Chinese Taipei on March 26-28 in Taipei.
- The 2 economies, Malaysia and Thailand, participated again (Chile, China and the Philippines were absent).
- Speakers were invited from Canada, Chinese Taipei, Japan, and European Commission (EC). Representatives from Chinese Taipei and Thailand also attended.



- At the second Taipei Workshop :
- Dr. Hidetoshi Nakagami, Jyukankyo Research Institute, Japan
- Dr. Nicola Labanca, Senior Researcher, EC Joint Research Center
- Mr. Kentaro Horisaka, Manager, Overseas Business Development, Energy Advance, Japan
- Mr. Pierre Baillargeon, Vice President, Econoler, Canada
- Mr.Teng-Yaw Yu, Chairman, TAESCO, Chinese Taipei
- Mr. Takuya Yamamoto, Auditor, JAESCO, Japan
- > Dr. Chiharu Murakoshi, Jyukankyo Research Institute, Japan
- Nevertheless, while Chile, China, Malaysia and Thailand sent the delegates to the first Workshop, only Malaysia and Thailand sent the delegates to the more important second Workshop.



• Findings at 2nd Workshop

- The ESCO industry is growing rapidly in economies with attractive commercial potential in energy efficiency.
- Energy prices and industry barriers are key uncertainties to the ESCO market potential.
- The focus of the 2nd workshop was to provide detailed plans on how to support the development of the ESCO industry and also to provide a strategic appraisal of best practices and policies.
- Specific areas discussed during the expert review included measurement and verification, market framework and capacity building, financing and contract negotiation and finally policy support.

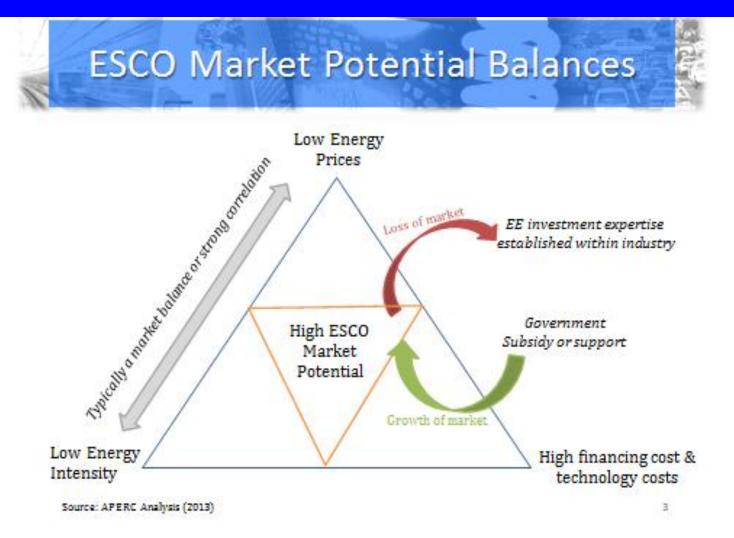


- Findings at 2nd Workshop (Continued)
- Following on from the 1st workshop in Bangkok, Malaysia and Thailand presented their refined proposal on the next steps to developing their ESCO industry.
- Malaysia is in the process of establishing an ESCO industry but faces the immediate barrier of subsidized natural gas prices.
- However, it is expected that natural gas subsidies will be slowly removed in the near future with surging consumption and diminishing production.
- While Malaysia has established a framework and received a directive to establish a viable ESCO market, there is little scope for direct government support in the form of subsidies or low interest financing.
- Therefore, much focus was placed on developing a market framework and on capacity building of the industry.



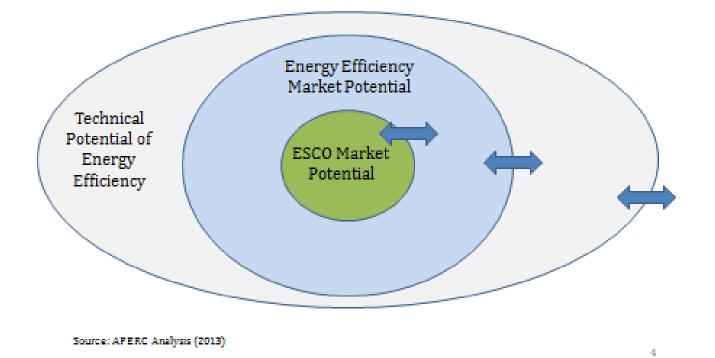
- Findings at 2nd Workshop (Continued)
- In the case of Thailand, the ESCO market is well established with a large market already in operation.
- The next step for Thailand is to further develop and refine policies which support the market stability and sustainability by continuing to improve technical capability and industry participation.
- This includes strengthening policy support measures such as through government pilot projects.







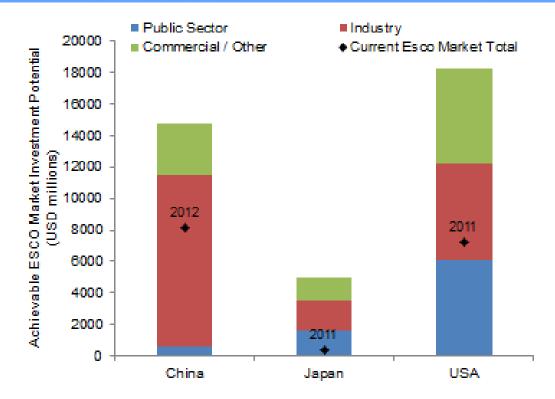




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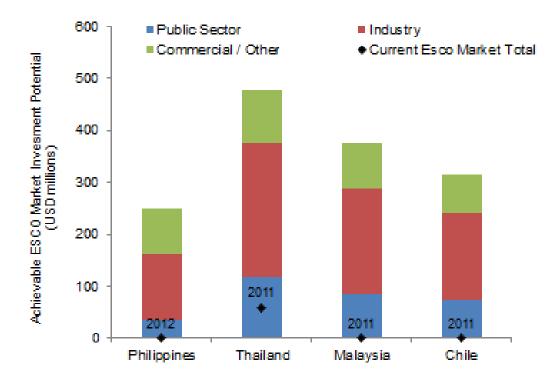














5. Future Shape of CEEDS

- CEEDS is a very complicated project which is arranged into two workshops in two different economies, with the same participating delegates and expert speakers for both workshops.
- Given the resource constraints of APERC, it is necessary to simplify the scope of the project.

Two workshops only for the several participating economies, inviting several experts twice

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One workshop open to the all APEC economies, inviting fewer experts at once



5. Future Shape of CEEDS

- The topics of the workshop will be selected from the key issues of the previous PREEs. Future workshop will be integrated into PREE (i.e. no longer an independent project) and be renamed as, for example, an "Energy Efficiency (EE) Policy Workshop".
- The PREE Policy Workshop may be held in conjunction with one of the two bi-annual meetings of EGEE&C (Expert Group of Energy Efficiency and Conservation).
- The Policy Workshop will be a half day event led and chaired by an APERC researcher.



Thank you for your kind attention

http://aperc.ieej.or.jp



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