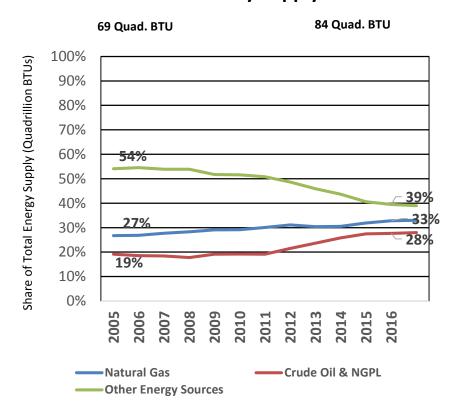
United States Update OIL AND GAS SECURITY

Cameron Salony Deputy Director DOE-Japan Office

Oil and Gas Supply and Demand Situation

Domestic Primary Supply 2005 – 2016



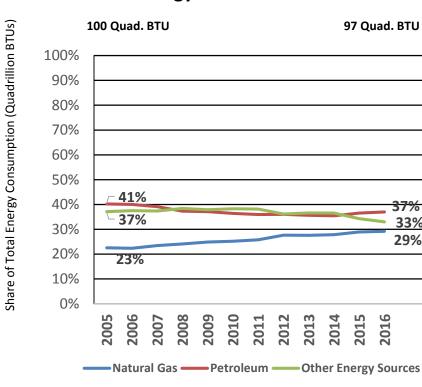
Annual growth rate:

"Natural Gas" grew 3.3% per year

"Crude Oil & NGPL" grew 5.0% per year

"Other Energy Sources" declined 1.0% per year

Final Energy Demand 2005 – 2016



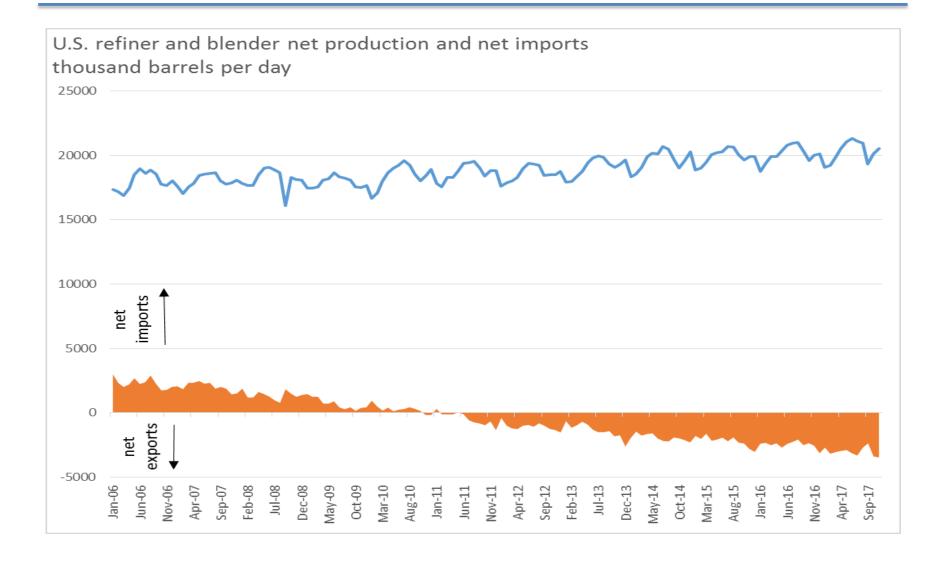
Annual growth rate:

"Natural Gas" grew 2.0% per year

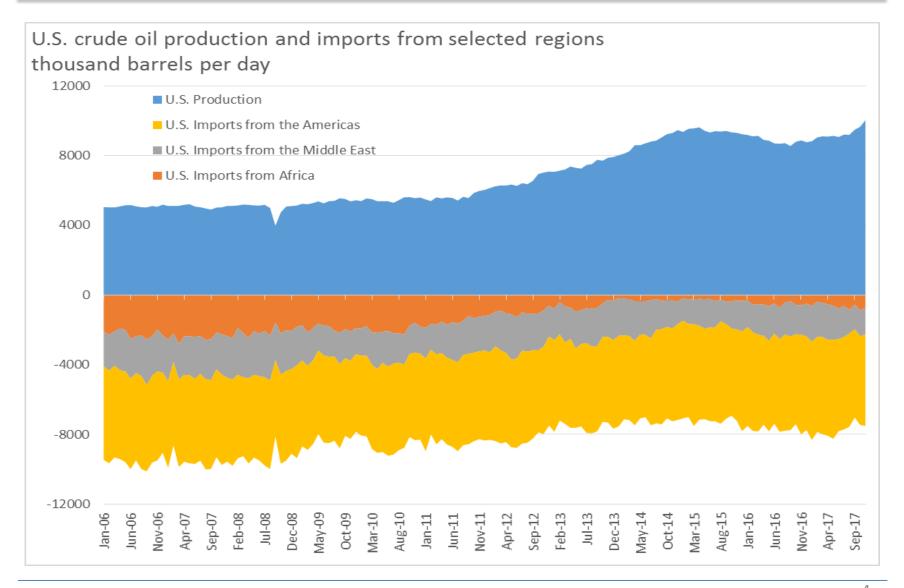
"Petroleum" declined 1.0 % per year

"Other Energy Sources" declined 1.0% per year

Oil and Gas Supply and Demand Situation

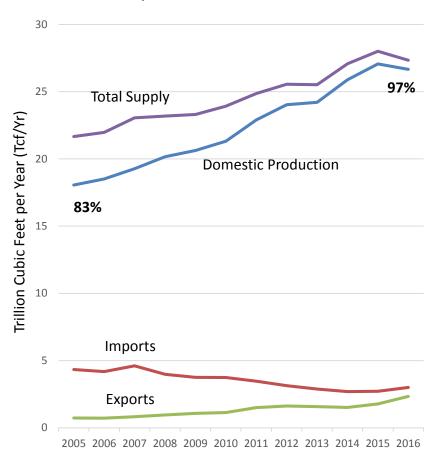


Oil and Gas Supply and Demand Situation

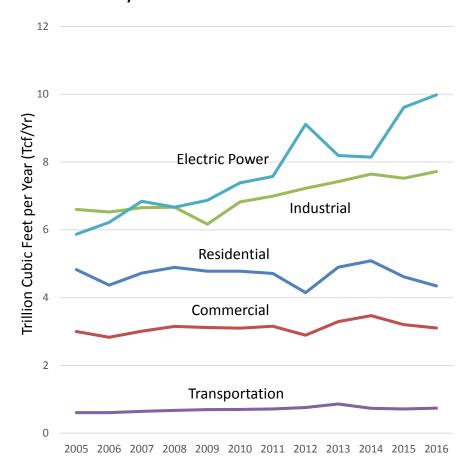


Oil and Gas Supply and Demand Situation

Natural Gas Production, Imports And Exports 2005 - 2016

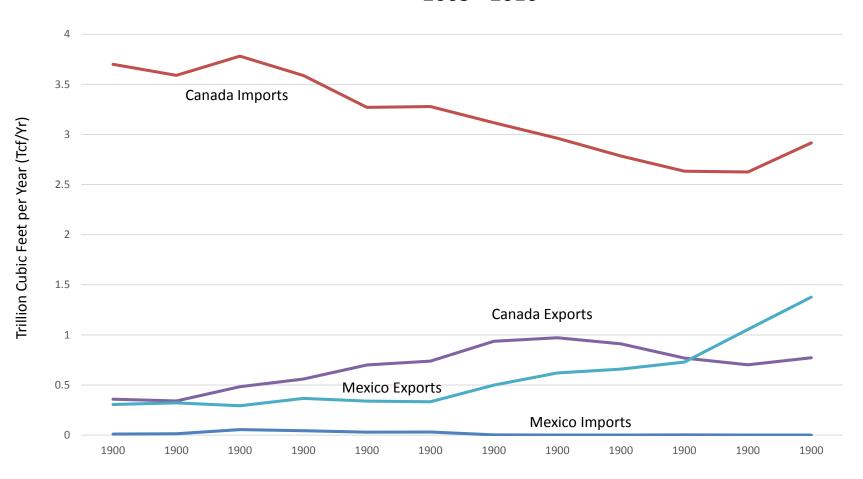


Natural Gas Consumption by Sector 2005 - 2016



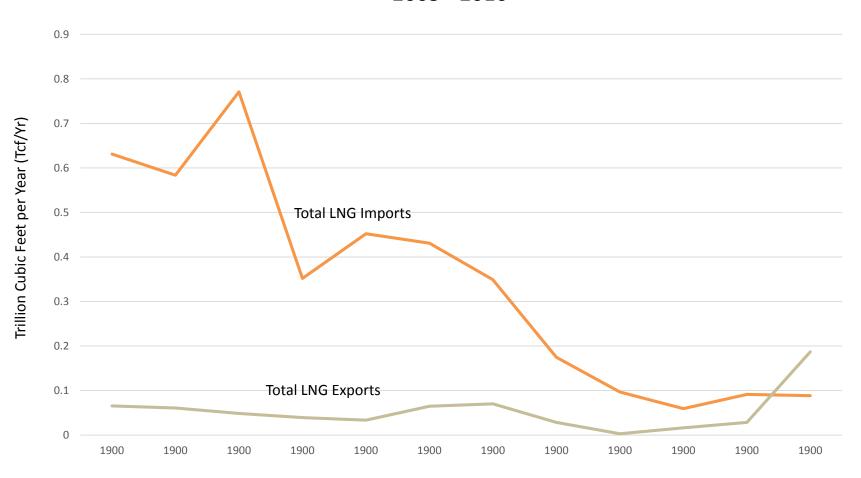
Oil and Gas Supply and Demand Situation

Natural Gas Pipeline Imports and Exports 2005 - 2016



Oil and Gas Supply and Demand Situation

Liquefied Natural Gas (LND) Imports and Exports 2005 - 2016



Oil and Gas Security Policy

- Major developments in Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) Policy
 - SPR Crude Oil Sales
 - Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015
 - > 58 million barrels 2018-2025
 - > \$2 Billion for SPR modernization 2017-2025
 - Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act
 - ▶ 66 million barrels 2023-2025
 - Public Law 115-97
 - > 7 million barrels 2026 2027
 - Bipartisan Budget act 2018
 - > 30 million barrels 2022 2025
 - > 70 million barrels 2026 2027
 - > SPR inventory cannot be drawn down below 350 millions barrels
 - SPR Modernization
 - SPR Life Extension: Upgrade/replace critical systems and equipment
 - ➤ Marine Terminal Distribution Capability Enhancements Project: Improve SPR distribution capability through additional dedicated marine terminal capacity
 - SPR Long-Term Strategic Review May 2016

Regional Engagement

As highlighted in the EWG Strategic Plan for 2014-2018, key collaborative efforts to promote regional oil and gas supply security should include the following:

- Improving the quality, availability, and accessibility of energy data and projections.
- Developing emergency response mechanisms and relevant data that can address both safety as well as short-term disruptions in energy supply.
- Encouraging the removal of inefficient fossil fuel subsidies that promote wasteful consumption while recognizing the importance of providing those in need with essential energy services.
- Continuously assessing fossil fuel resources in the APEC region and assist economies in effectively bringing those resources sustainably to market.
- Undertaking analysis, research, and demonstration to understand the water-energy nexus, share best practices and address associated challenges.

Thank you very much...