



# 2-3. Power Sector (revised)

## **APERC Workshop**

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# **Outline**

- Energy and electricity demand in APEC: 2000 2018
- Power Sector in APEC: 2020 2050
- Conclusions

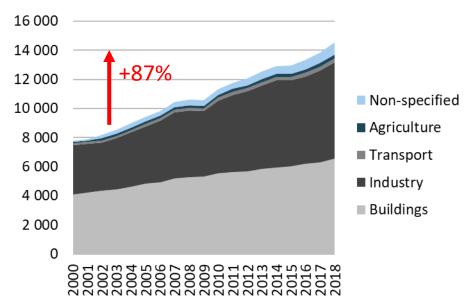


# **Energy and electricity demand in APEC:** 2000-2018

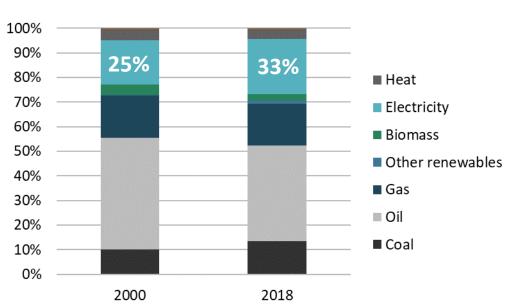


# **Electricity consumption in APEC in 2000-2018**





#### Total final demand, %



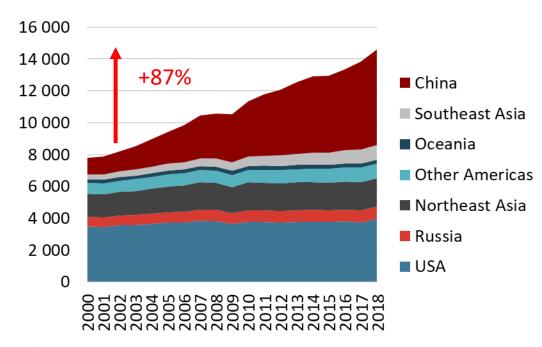
- Electricity consumption increased by 87%
- Industry and buildings accounted for more than 80% of the increase
- Share of electricity increased from 25% to 33%

Note: Non-specified refers primarily to consumption that was not categorized when reported.



# Electricity consumption in APEC in 2000-2018: regional breakdown

#### **Electricity consumption, TWh**

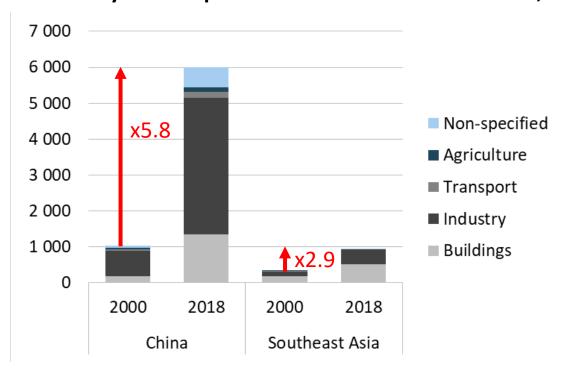


### Electricity consumption in:

- APEC almost doubled (+87%)
- China increased six-fold
- Southeast Asian economies increased three-fold
- Rest of APEC increased by 20%

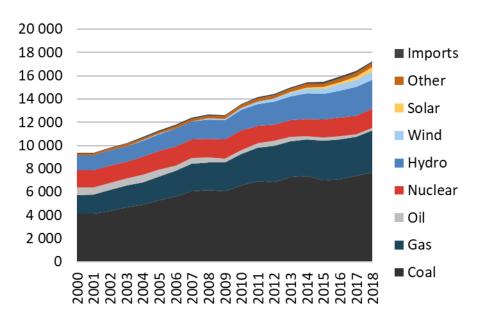
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#### **Electricity consumption in China and Southeast Asia, TWh**

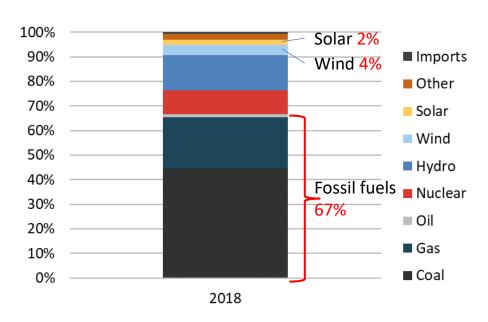


# **Electricity generation in APEC in 2000-2018**





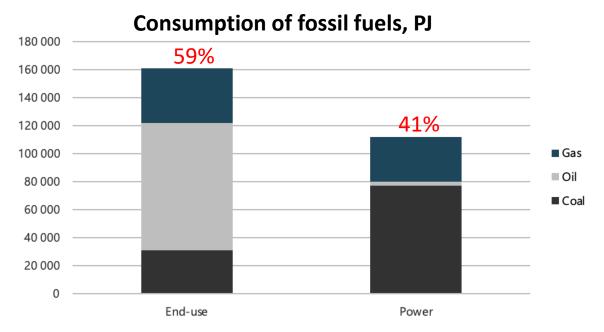
#### **Electricity generation in 2018, %**

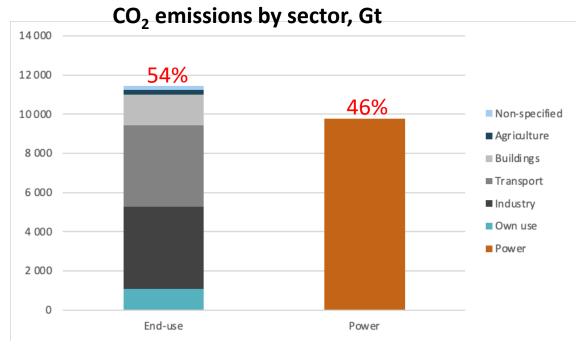


- 67% of the electricity in 2018 was generated by thermal power plants
- Around 25% generated by nuclear and large hydro
- Only 6% was generated by wind and solar combined
- Share of renewables in electricity generation (including large hydro) was 21%



# Fuel consumption and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in 2018





- Power sector share of fossil fuels: **41**%
- Power sector share of total CO<sub>2</sub> emissions: **46**%
- Difference in shares caused primarily by coal use

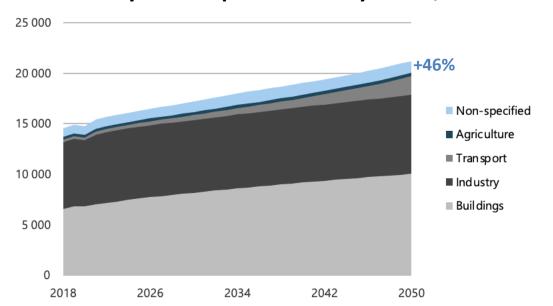


# **Power Sector in APEC through 2050**

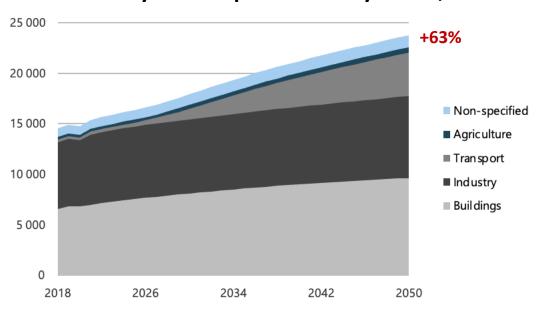


# How much electricity will APEC need on the way to carbon neutrality (CN)?

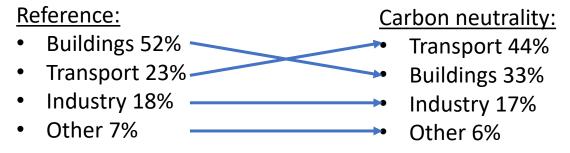
#### **Electricity consumption in REF by sector, TWh**



#### **Electricity consumption in CN by sector, TWh**



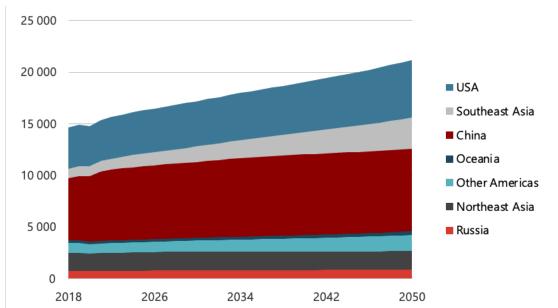
- APEC will need a lot more electricity: +46% in REF and +63% in CN
- End-use sector contributions to growth through 2050:



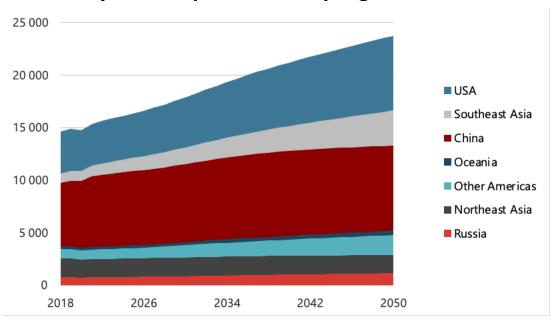


# Regional breakdown of electricity consumption

#### Electricity consumption in REF by region, TWh



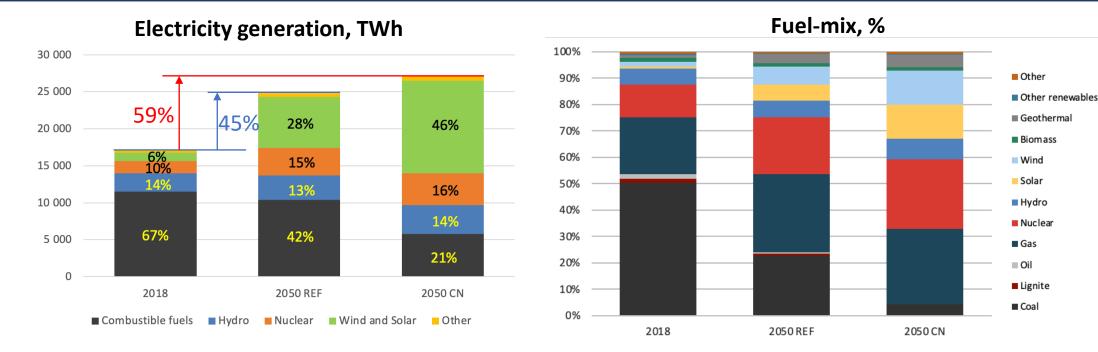
#### **Electricity consumption in CN by region, TWh**



- The increase in electricity consumption will be distributed unevenly among regions
- 84% of the increase in consumption will be concentrated in 3 regions: USA, China and Southeast Asia
- China and the USA will remain the largest consumers
- Electricity consumption in Southeast Asia will increase by more than 2.5 times. SEA will become the 3rd largest consumer region in APEC
- Electricity consumption in Northeast Asia not expected to increase



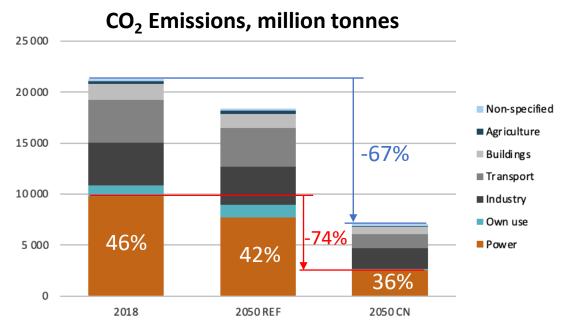
# Electricity generation and fuel-mix in the power sector

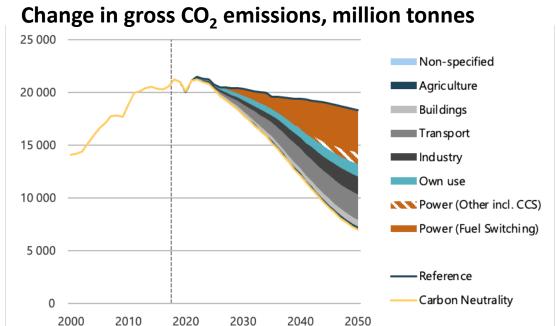


- Wind and solar generation increases more than 7-fold in REF and 10-fold in CN
- Wind and solar shares increase from 6% to 28% (REF) and 47% (CN)
- Fossil fuels share decreases from 67% in 2018 to 42% (REF) and 21% (CN)
- Fossil fuels replaced by wind, solar, nuclear, hydro, and geothermal



# CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions

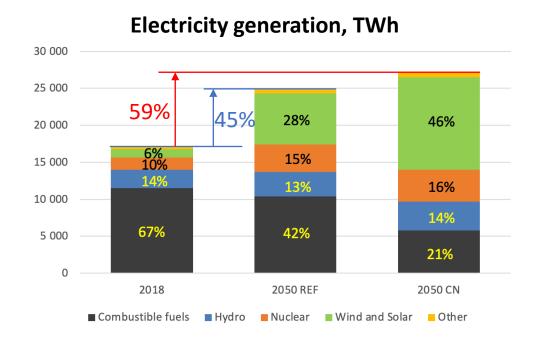


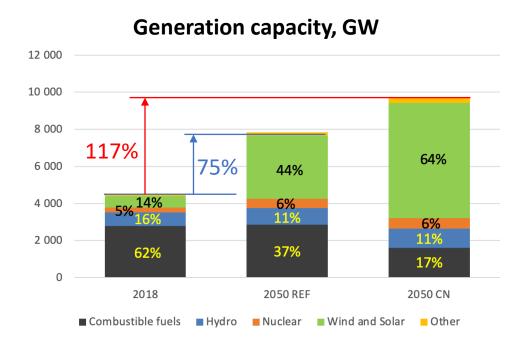


- In CN, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from the power sector fall by 74%
- Power sector share of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions falls from 46% in 2018 to 42% (REF) and 36% (CN)
- Reduced coal-firing accounts for 80% of reduced emissions



# How much generation capacity will APEC need?





- In CN, a 10-fold increase in wind and solar generating capacity is required
- The share of renewables generating capacity increases from 14% to 44% (REF) and 64% (CN)
- The average capacity factor declines from 42% in 2018 to 36% in REF and 32% in CN



#### **Conclusions**

#### **Summary**

- APEC will need much more electricity by 2050: +46% in REF and +63% in CN
- In CN, the transport sector accounts for largest increase in electricity consumption
- 10-fold increase in wind and solar generation capacity is required by 2050 (more than 5000 GW)
- 80% of CO2 emissions eliminated by reduced use of coal

#### **Challenges**

- The real cost of wind and solar power, considering integration into existing power grids (dispatchable and variable power are different products) and scalability issues
- From dependence on fossil fuels to dependence on critical minerals
- Grid reliability issues (storage, BEVs as a storage, reserve margin)







# Thank you.

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